

How to Develop Small Programming Projects

Jill Seaman
CS2308
Fall 2011

1

Getting Started

- Start early: we always underestimate the complexity of the problem.
- Understand the requirements (READ the directions, don't make assumptions).
- Use some top-down design to break up the problem into pieces.
- Make a plan before you implement.

2

Develop Programs Progressively

- Do not attempt to implement and test an entire program all at once.
- Implement a very small, but workable, part.
- Compile, fix syntax errors, execute, debug
- Add another small part
- Compile + test. Any new errors are (probably) due to newly added code.

3

Develop Programs Progressively

- Add testcases as you go, keep running them all to make sure nothing was broken.
- Always have code that compiles and runs correctly.
- Makes it easy to break up the programming effort over multiple sittings.
- If you can't complete the whole project, you will get "partial credit".

4

Re-use cautiously:

- Sometimes it helps to start from an existing solution:
- Duplicate, modify.
- Keep this on a small scale.

5

Always write good code

- Use good variable and function names from the start.
- Maintain good indentation from the start.
- Add in-code comments as you go.
 - can add variable and function comments later
- Code is always neat, readable, won't have to make it pretty later.

6

Testing

- Have test cases for boundary conditions:
 - Empty arrays, full arrays, last element
 - Smallest and largest valid values
 - Values used in if/while conditions
 - Negative numbers
- Have test cases for every line of code.

7

Compiler Errors

- Fix only the first one or two before re-compiling, later errors may be dependent.
- Don't speak compiler?
Google the error text (with caution)
- Think of common syntax errors
 - Missing semicolons
 - Misspelled variable names
 - Misplaced () or { }, backwards << or >>

8

Runtime Errors

- Program executes but output is wrong, Testcase gives unexpected result
- Could learn to use a debugger (gdb?)
- Add output statements in strategic places
 - check values of variables (Label!)
 - trace execution path

9

Runtime Errors

- Don't forget to remove couts when the error is discovered!
- Think of common programming errors
 - one-off array indexes
 - redeclare a variable inside a loop
 - using = instead of ==
 - forgetting to update a var in a loop

10