

ADT summaries

- Iists:
 - * data is ordered
 - * random access or cursor-based
- sets
 - * unordered data, unique values
- bags/multi-sets
 - * unordered data, values not unique
- maps
 - * associations between elements from different sets.

ADT summaries

- stacks:
 - push/pop (LIFO) in O(1)
 - * reverses lists, tracks nesting, eval exprs
- queues:
 - * enqueue/dequeue (FIFO) in O(1)
 - * service requests in order they arrive
- hash tables (set)
 - * insert, remove, find in O(1) time
 - * the data is not sorted, requires extra space

ADT summaries

- binary search trees:
 - * insert, remove, find, findMin in O(log n) to O(n) time
- AVL trees:
 - * insert, remove, find, findMin in O(log n) time
 - * requires re-balancing after insert/remove
- heaps
 - * insert, removeMin in O(log n) time, findMin in O(1)

For each of these:

the data is sorted, can produce a sorted list of the items
space is used in proportion to size

Exam Format

- 150 points total
 - Writing programs/functions/code (~50%)
 - Multiple choice (~15)
 - Fill-in-the-blank/short answer (big O functions, etc.)
 - Tracing code (what is the output),
 - Demonstrating sorts or sort operations, tree operations, heap operations
 - Finding errors in code (recursive functions)

Final Exam

- Thursday, Aug 8, 2:00pm to 4:30pm
- Derr 241 (here)
- Closed book, closed notes, clean desk
- 30% of your final grade
- I recommend using a pencil (and eraser)
- All writing will be done on the test paper I will hand out.
- No calculators.

Arrays, pointers, structs, objects, classes

- Know how to use vectors and strings
- Pointers, dynamic memory allocation and deallocation
- Structures, pointers to structures
- Shallow copy vs. deep copy
- Encapsulation, Information hiding, Interface
- Class declaration
- Default parameters, initializer list, const member function
- The big three (defaults, when to override)

Linked Lists

- How to define a linked list
 - * Node definition
 - * head (tail)
- Using null pointers
- Basic operations: be able to implement for single or doubly linked list. (NumberList demo)
 - * constructor, append, insert, remove, destroy
 - * display the list, copy constructor
- Know how to draw the lists
- Arrays vs. linked lists: pros+cons

Introduction to ADTs

- Data structure vs abstract data type
- Commonly used ADTs (list, set, bag, map)
- Implementation vs. interface
- bag implementations
 - * version 1: fixed length array
 - * version 2: dynamically allocated array
 - how to resize a dynamic array
- List_3358, the cursor based list (demo+PA#2)
 - * be able to implement operations (array, linked list)
 - * know the runtime analyses for these

Analysis of algorithms

- Understand the concept.
- Know the growth rate functions
 - * Which ones are faster growing than others
- For a given algorithm/function, be able to do the runtime analysis (to say it is O(<u>F(N)</u>))
- Given two implementations, be able to say which is more efficient (faster)
- I will not necessarily give you the code this time, just a description of the algorithm.

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Templates

- Why? What are they for?
 - * Type independence, generic programming
- Templated Functions
- Templated Classes
- Be prepared to work with templated classes and functions

Stack and Queue ADTs

- Know the operations, how they work
 - Stack: O(1): push, pop, isFull, isEmpty
 - * Queue: O(1): enqueue, dequeue, isFull, isEmpty
- Be able to implement an array or linked list version (singly-linked list)
- Be able to use a stack or queue to solve a problem
- Be familiar with the sample code:
 - IntStack and intQueue with wrap (lectures)
 - * Stack_3358_LL.h and Queue_3358_LL.h (website)
- Array vs Linked List implementations

Recursion

- How to write recursive functions
 - * Base case
 - * Recursive case (smaller caller)
- Recursion over
 - * non-negative ints
 - * lists: arrays, vectors, linked list, List_3358, substr
 - * trees: Binary search trees
- You will be asked to write at least one recursive function.

Sorting

- Understand the different sorts:
 - * O(N²): selection, insertion, bubble
 - * O(N log N): merge sort, quicksort (avg)
- Know the algorithms really well
 - * Will not have to write code for an algorithm
 - * May be asked to give description in English
 - * Will be asked to show steps in the process (show result of a pass, or a merge, or a partitioning).

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• Be familiar with runtime analyses and issues

Hash tables

- Hash tables and (good) hash functions
- Collisions and collision resolution
 - Linear probing
 - Lazy deletion
 - Primary clustering
 - Quadratic probing
 - * Separate chaining (pros+cons)
- Rehashing: how to expand the table
- Be able to hash a list of keys given a simple hashing function and collision strategy
 - * Like the examples in the slides

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Trees/Binary search trees

- Definitions and terminology, examples
- Traversals: preorder, postorder, inorder
- Binary tree
- Binary search trees
- * ordering property
- * ops: insert, remove, find, findMin, findMax
- * inorder traversal: sorted order
- Be able to implement the operations from PA7
- Be able to show (draw) tree after an operation

Balanced Trees/AVL Trees

- Understand the definition:
 - BST where for each node in the tree, the height of the left and right subtrees differ by at most 1
 - be able to recognize AVL Trees, and which nodes are unbalanced
- Insert:
 - * 4 cases where an insert happens (wrt newly unbalanced node).
 - * using rotation to restore balance to the tree.
 - * be able to apply single rotation to case 1 insert

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Heaps

- Understand the definition:
 - * structural property: complete binary tree
 - * ordering property: parent is smaller than children
- Array-based implementation
- * formulas to find nodes (children: 2i, 2i+1, parent: i/2)
- * is the node a leaf?
- Operations
- * insert, findMin, deleteMin (percolate up and down)
- Heapsort
 - understand the algorithm and runtime analysis[®]

Example Programming Problems

Given the ADT for the Stack_3358 at the end of the exam, implement the push, pop, isEmpty and isFull functions.

The class declaration would either: a) include the private member variables or else b) the question would state which implementation to use and you would provide the private member variables

Given the ADT for the BST_3358 at the end of the exam, implement the find and insert functions.

Know the programming assignments



Example Short Answer

Give the runtime analysis Big O function for the insert operation in a doubly linked list when inserting before the cursor.

I will **NOT** provide the code for the operation

Answer would be something like: O(n) or O(1) or $O(n^2)$ or ...

What are the two main steps in the heapsort? What are the main steps in quicksort? merge sort? binary search?

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How to Study

- Review the slides
 - * understand all the concepts
- · Use the book to help understand the slides
 - there will be no questions over material (or code) that is in the book but not on the slides
- Understand the code in the demo(s)
- Understand the programming assignment solutions
 - * rewrite yours so it works
- Practice, practice, practice
- Get some sleep

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